



บริษัท พีทีที โกลบอล เคมิคอล จำกัด (มหาชน)

Crisis and Security Management

P-(Q-SH-CM)-003

แผนการบริหารจัดการภาวะฉุกเฉินและภาวะวิกฤต

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased from 10.5 million to 13.5 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over has increased from 4.5 million to 6.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to develop services to meet the needs of older people, and the need to ensure that the health care system is able to respond to the needs of older people. The Department of Health (1999) has identified the need to develop services to meet the needs of older people, and the need to ensure that the health care system is able to respond to the needs of older people.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are obese has increased by 100% (World Health Organization 2000). The prevalence of obesity in the United States has increased from 15% in 1980 to 25% in 1994 (Flegal et al. 1994). In the United Kingdom, the prevalence of obesity has increased from 10% in 1980 to 15% in 1994 (Reilly et al. 1995). The prevalence of obesity in children has also increased in the United States (Flegal et al. 1994) and in the United Kingdom (Reilly et al. 1995).

Obesity is a major risk factor for a number of chronic diseases, including coronary heart disease, stroke, type 2 diabetes, and certain types of cancer (World Health Organization 2000). Obesity is also a risk factor for a number of mental health problems, including depression, anxiety, and eating disorders (Reilly et al. 1995). Obesity is a complex condition, and its development is influenced by a number of factors, including genetics, environment, and lifestyle.

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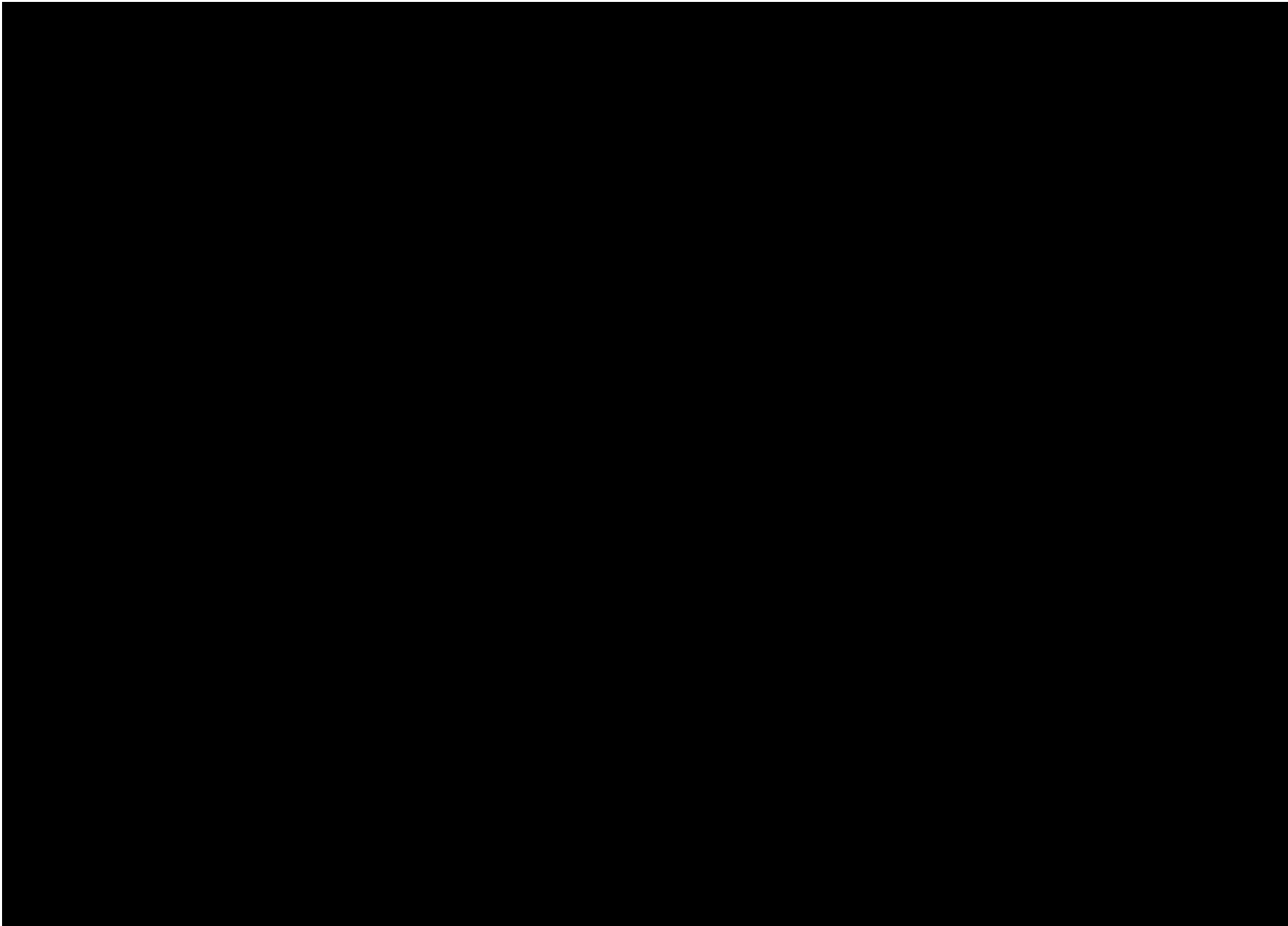
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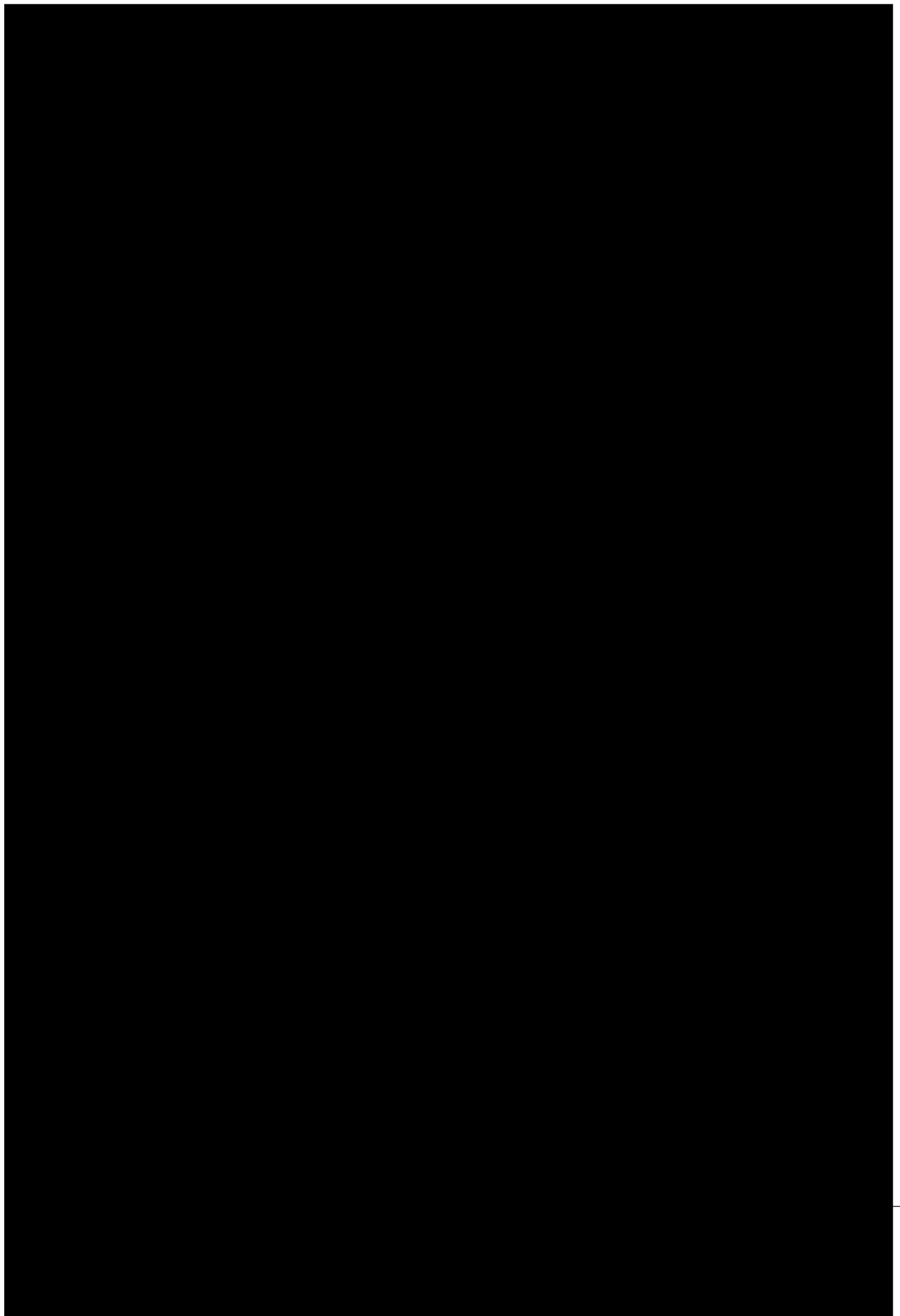
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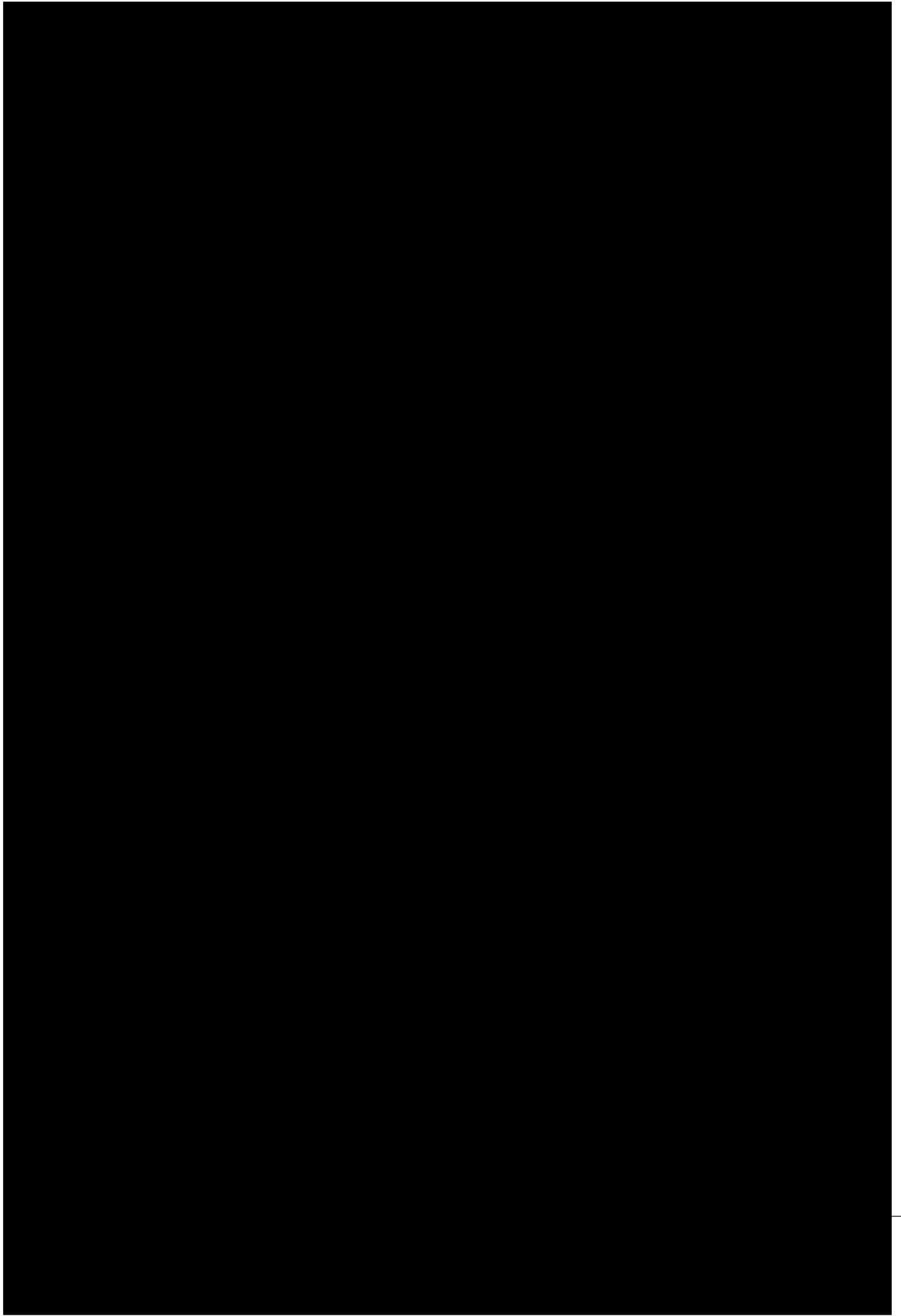
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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is expected to increase by 1.5 billion (United Nations 1999).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of children in the 21st century. The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989) has been signed by 112 countries, and the United Nations Millennium Declaration (2000) has set out a commitment to 'ensure that all children, everywhere, have access to primary education by 2015'. The United Nations Secretary-General Kofi Annan (1999) has called for 'a new global compact for children'.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (1990–1999) (Department of Health 2000).

There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the quality of care in the public sector. The Department of Health (2000) has set out a number of key objectives for the public sector, including the need to improve the quality of care, to reduce the waiting time for treatment, and to improve the efficiency of the public sector.

The public sector is a complex and diverse organization, and it is difficult to measure its performance. However, there are a number of key indicators that can be used to assess the performance of the public sector.

One of the key indicators of the performance of the public sector is the quality of care. This can be measured in a number of ways, including the number of people who are satisfied with the care they receive, the number of people who are injured or harmed while in the public sector, and the number of people who die while in the public sector.

Another key indicator of the performance of the public sector is the waiting time for treatment. This can be measured in a number of ways, including the number of people who are waiting for treatment for more than 12 weeks, the number of people who are waiting for treatment for more than 18 weeks, and the number of people who are waiting for treatment for more than 24 weeks.

Finally, another key indicator of the performance of the public sector is the efficiency of the public sector. This can be measured in a number of ways, including the number of people who are employed in the public sector, the number of people who are paid in the public sector, and the number of people who are working in the public sector.

There are a number of challenges facing the public sector, and it is important to address these challenges in order to improve the quality of care, to reduce the waiting time for treatment, and to improve the efficiency of the public sector.

One of the key challenges facing the public sector is the need to improve the quality of care. This can be achieved by a number of measures, including the need to improve the training of staff, the need to improve the standards of care, and the need to improve the monitoring of care.

Another key challenge facing the public sector is the need to reduce the waiting time for treatment. This can be achieved by a number of measures, including the need to increase the number of staff, the need to increase the number of treatment places, and the need to improve the efficiency of the public sector.

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